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WAH YAN COLLEGE KOWLOON PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION LIMITED

(INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG AND LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The executive committee members have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of Wah Yan College Kowloon Past Students' Association Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Association") for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities

The Association is established for the objective of promoting friendship and co-operation among past students of Wah Yan College Kowloon and a closer relationship between these past students, the college itself and the existing students thereof. There was no significant change in its activities during the year.

Financial statements

The results of the Association for the year are set out in the statement of comprehensive income on Page 6.

The state of affairs of the Association as at 31 December 2010 is set out in the statement of financial position on Page 7.

The cash flows of the Association for the year are set out in the statement of cash flows on Page 9.

Executive committee members

The executive committee members in office during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

Chan Chi Ming, Alvin	
Chan Pak Woon	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Chan Tak On	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Chan Hing Yau, Philip	
Chan Wai Keung	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Chan Yuk Lung, Bryan	
Chau Chi Chung, Charles	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Cheng Man Shun, Mike	
Cho Chun Long, Jack	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Chow Yau Shing, Laurence	
Fan Wang Ming	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Fok Po Tin	
Fong Wing Hong, Monty	
Ho Leung, David	
Ho Siu Tong	
Keung Yiu Ming, Stanislaus	
Ko Man Hon, Gary	
Ko Pat Sing, Tony	

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

Executive committee members (continued)

Kwok Pak Chung, Patrick Lam Ho Yin Lau Ming Yum, Matthew Lau Wai Hung	(Resigned on 29 May 2010) (Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Lee Kin Man	
Lee Yu Leung	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Leung Chun Ho, Oscar	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Leung Kam Ming, Albert	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Leung Wai Ching, Ambrose	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Li Lai Pun, Bennard	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Li Ngo Chuen, Leo	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Li Yin Pok	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Ng Fei Yeung	
Pong Ti Fan, Ivan	
Shek Lai Ho, Jacky	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Siu Chun Pong, Raymond	
So Ka Ho, Benjamin	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Sze Chun Fai	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Wong Chun Kit	(Resigned on 29 May 2010)
Wong Ho Lung, Billy	
Wong Tze Shing, Milton	
Wu Hong Kit Kenneth	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Yu Chun Sing Sam	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)
Yung Pun To, Douglas	• • • •
Yung Chung Hung	(Appointed on 29 May 2010)

In accordance with Articles of Association, all executive committee members shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, are available for re-election.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Association were entered into or existed during the year.

Executive committee members' interests in contracts

The executive committee members' interests in contracts are set out in Note 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Apart from the foregoing, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Association was a party and in which an executive committee member of the Association had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS (CONTINUED)

Auditors

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Association to re-appoint Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng as auditors of the Association.

On behalf of the executive committee

Ho Siu Tong Chairman

Hong Kong, [x]

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WAH YAN COLLEGE KOWLOON PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION LIMITED_____4 (incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

We have audited the financial statements of Wah Yan College Kowloon Past Students' Association Limited set out on pages 6 to 22, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Executive committee members' responsibility for the financial statements

The executive committee members are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the executive committee members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Association, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WAH YAN COLLEGE KOWLOON PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION LIMITED (CONTINUED) 5

(incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its deficit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, [x]

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)	Note	2010	2009
Theorem			
Income Net programme surplus	6	5,309	15,587
Membership subscriptions and donations	0	7,250	73,200
Souvenir income		38,591	8,685
Sundry income		340	278
Wah Yan Plus Card donation received		1,000	1,010
		52,490	98,760
Evenenditures			
Expenditures Awards to outstanding students			5,000
Accounting and management expenses		52,920	52,608
Advertising and promotion		5,000	2,079
Bank charges		300	300
Business registration fee		450	2,450
Courier and postage		368	405
Insurance		2,000	-
Printing and stationery		566	829
Sponsorship		76,342	12,540
Sundry expenses		305	1,305
Election of alumni school manager		3,969	-
		142,220	77,516
(Deficit)/surplus for the year		(89,730)	21,244
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(89,730)	21,244

All of the Association's operations are classed as continuing.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)	Note	2010	2009
Current assets Other receivables Cash and bank balances		2,104 144,040	189,379
		146,144	189,379
Less: Current liabilities Accruals and other payables	9	59,958	13,463
Net assets		86,186	175,916
Funds General fund		86,186	175,916
Approved by the executive committee on [x]			
)))	Tong, Chairman Yau Shing, Laure	ı ence, Honorary Tı	reasurer

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

WAH YAN COLLEGE KOWLOON PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION LIMITED _____ 8

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)	2010	2009
General Fund		
At the beginning of the year	175,916	154,672
(Deficit)/surplus for the year	(89,730)	21,244
At the end of the year	86,186	175,916

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Deficit)/surplus for the year and operating cash flows before working capital changes	(89,730)	21,244
Increase in other receivables	(39,730) (2,104)	21,244
Decrease in account receivables	(2,104)	16,028
Increase/(decrease) in accruals and other payables	46,495	(681,995)
	/	
Net cash used in operating activities	(45,339)	(644,723)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(45,339)	(644,723)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	189,379	834,102
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	144,040	189,379
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents Cash and bank balances	144,040	189,379

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

1. **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

The Association is incorporated in Hong Kong under the Companies Ordinance as a company limited by guarantee. The Association's registered office is located at Wah Yan College, Kowloon, 56 Waterloo Road, Kowloon.

The Association is established for the objective of promoting friendship and co-operation among past students of Wah Yan College Kowloon and a closer relationship between these past students, the college itself and the existing students thereof. Under the provision of its Memorandum and Articles of Association, every member shall, in the event of the Association being wound up, contribute such amount as may be required to meet the liabilities of the Association but not exceeding the sum of HK\$10 each.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")**

In the current year, the Association has applied, for the first time, the following of new standards, amendments and interpretations (the "new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), which are effective for the Association's financial year beginning on 1 January 2010.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements
	to HKFRSs issued in 2008
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2008)	Investments in Associates
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible Hedged Items
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment
	Transactions
HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008)	Business Combinations
HKFRS 5 (Amendments as part of	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued
Improvements to HKFRSs issued	Operations – Plan to Sell the Controlling Interest
in 2008)	in a Subsidiary
HK(IFRIC) - Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
HK - Int 5	Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification
	by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a
	Repayment on Demand Clause

The application of the above new HRFRSs had no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Association.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING 2. **STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (CONTINUED)**

The Association has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010 except for
the amendments to HKFRS 3(as revised in 2008),
HKFRS 7, HKAS 1 and HKAS 28 ²
Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets ⁵
Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 –
Disclosures for First-time Adopters ³
Financial Instruments ⁷
Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets ⁶
Related Party Disclosures ⁴
Classification of Rights Issues ¹
Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement ⁴
Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity
Instruments ³

¹Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010

- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 or 1 January 2011, as appropriate.
- ³Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- ⁴Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- ⁵Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011

⁶Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012

⁷ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as issued in November 2009) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as revised in November 2010) adds requirements for financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Under HKFRS 9, all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)**

In relation to financial liabilities, the significant change relates to financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the presentation of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted.

The executive committee members of the Association anticipate that the application of these new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Association.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Association's functional and presentation currency.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires executive committee members to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by executive committee members in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustments in the next year are discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Association in the preparation of the financial statements is set out below:

(a) **Basis of preparation**

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost basis.

(b) **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Association and when revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- donations are recognised when the right to receive payment is established. •
- on the rendering of services, on an appropriate basis over the relevant period in which the services are rendered.
- on the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have • been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Association maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.
- membership fee is recognised when the right to receive the fee is established.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (c)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Association's financial assets are its loans and receivables. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial asset that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At the end of each reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) **Financial instruments (continued)**

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or •
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial assets is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of account and other receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When account and other receivables are considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) **Financial instruments (continued)**

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Other financial liabilities

The Association's financial liabilities are classified into other financial liabilities and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Association has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are removed from the Association's statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or expires. derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Association's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at bank, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) **Related party transactions**

A party is considered to be related to the Association if:

- (i) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) control, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Association; (ii) has an interest in the Association that gives it significant influence over the Association; or (iii) has joint control over the Association;
- (ii) the party is an associate;
- (iii) the party is a jointly controlled entity;
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Association or its parent;
- (v) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (i) or (iv);
- (vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v); or
- (vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Association, or of any entity that is a related party of the Association.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligation between related parties.

(f) Current assets and current liabilities

Current assets are expected to be realised within twelve months of the reporting period or in the normal course of the Association's operating cycle. Current liabilities are expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting period or in the normal course of the Association's operating cycle.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Association makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Association's financial assets, including other receivables, cash and bank balances, and financial liabilities, including accruals and other payables, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The face values less any credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of financial instruments (a)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Financial assets Loans and receivables (including cash		
and cash equivalents)	146,144	189,379
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost	59,958	13,463

Financial risk management objectives and policies **(b)**

The main risks arising from the Association's financial instruments are market risk (including interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The executive committee members review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk

The Association's activities expose it primarily to the financial risk of changes in interest rates.

Market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Association's exposure to market risk or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Interest rate risk

As the Association has no significant interest bearing assets and liabilities, the Association's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Credit risk

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the Association's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Association due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the statement of financial position.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with banks with high credit ratings, the Association does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The Association's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long terms.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and (i) conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

- (ii) The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance in generally accepted pricing models (e.g. discounted cash flow analysis using observable and/or unobservable inputs).
- (iii) The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for nonoptional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives.

The Association's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices . (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market date (unobservable inputs).

No analysis is disclosed since the Association has no financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Capital management (c)

Capital comprises general fund stated on the statement of financial position. The Association's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern.

The Association manages capital by regularly monitoring its current and expected liquidity requirements.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

6. **NET PROGRAMME SURPLUS**

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Income		
Fr. Deignan's birthday party	8,680	25,060
Wah Yan League	25,600	26,700
Starlight book sales	-	160
PSA Tennis Competition	-	1,000
WYOFF concert		11,979
	34,280	64,899
Less: Expenditure		
Fr. Deignan's birthday party	9,075	22,911
Referee fee & other expenses of Wah Yan League	19,896	21,360
PSA Tennis Competition	-	1,562
Fr. Deignan Ordination Ceremony		3,479
	28,971	49,312
Net programme surplus	5,309	15,587

7. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Association is not subject to profits tax by virtue of Section 24(1) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (in HK Dollars)

8. **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS' REMUNERATION**

During the year ended 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2009, no amounts have been paid in respect of executive committee members' emoluments, executive committee members' or past executive committee members' pensions or for any compensation to executive committee members' or past executive committee members' in respect of loss of office.

ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES 9.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Accruals	1,704	3,559
Receipts in advance	58,254	9,904
	59,958	13,463

10. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2010, no compensation of any kind was paid to the executive committee members who were key management personnel of the Association (2009: Nil).

Save as disclosed in elsewhere of the financial statements, there was no other material related party transaction during the year.

11. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the executive committee on [x].

----- End of Notes-----